

### Question 1

- 1 Write the simplest Feynman diagram of the interaction between a photon and a electron, and the matrix element that corresponds to this interaction.
- 2 Consider the dynamics (4-momenta), and prove that there is no scattering if the photon and the electron are on-shell (you can choose a convenient Lorentz-frame if that is helpful).
- 3 Allow then momenta of the photon that do not satisfy the mass-shell condition (off-shell photons), and replace its polarization vector  $\varepsilon^\mu$  by  $p^\mu$ . Show that the matrix element then vanishes.
- 4 Consider the electroweak interactions, and the analogous interaction of the off-shell vector bosons with fermions. Do you also get zero in this case when the polarization vector of the vector boson is replaced by  $p^\mu$ ? What is the essential property of the fermions involved in this process that determines this result?
- 5 The vanishing of the amplitudes with gauge bosons whose polarization vector is replaced by the momentum is a property of interactions of massless gauge fields. Does this fit with what you know about electroweak interactions?
- 6 How does this go for strong interactions? Why is this consistent with what you know about the particles that interact and the properties of the gluons?

### Question 2

Consider the non-Abelian gauge theory SU(2) of the electroweak interactions.

- 1 Write the covariant derivative  $\mathcal{D}_\mu$  acting on a doublet fermion.
- 2 Which physical particles constitute such fermion doublet in the standard model?
- 3 Calculate explicitly the commutator of two covariant derivatives  $\mathcal{D}_\mu$  and  $\mathcal{D}_\nu$  on such a doublet, and prove that this takes the form of an infinitesimal gauge transformation in which the parameter is replaced by  $-\vec{F}_{\mu\nu}$ .