

# Exam Differential Geometry

January 30, 2023

1. (3 points) Consider the smooth function

$$F : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} = F(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 + x_2)^2 - x_3^2.$$

Let  $X$  be the vector field  $X = x_3 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2} + (x_1 + x_2) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_3}$ .

- a) What are the regular values of  $F$ ?
- b) For what regular values  $c$  is  $X_p \in T_p(F^{-1}(c))$  for all  $p \in F^{-1}(c)$ ?

2. (4 points)

- a) Consider the map

$$G_t(x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \cos t + x_2 \sin t \\ y_1 \cos t + y_2 \sin t \\ -x_1 \sin t + x_2 \cos t \\ -y_1 \sin t + y_2 \cos t \end{pmatrix}$$

on  $\mathbb{R}^4$  for  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove or disprove:  $\{G_t\}_{t \in \mathbb{R}}$  is a one-parameter group of diffeomorphisms.

- b) Let  $R$  be the vector field

$$R = y_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} - x_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial y_1} + y_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2} - x_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial y_2}$$

and let  $F_s^R$  be its flow. Does

$$F_s^R \circ G_t = G_t \circ F_s^R$$

for all  $s, t$ ?

3. (4 points) Let  $\omega$  be the two-form

$$\omega = dx_1 \wedge dx_3 + dx_2 \wedge dx_4$$

on  $\mathbb{R}^4$  and consider the function

$$G : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4 : (x_1, x_2) \mapsto (x_1, x_2, g(x_1, x_2), h(x_1, x_2))$$

where  $g, h : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are smooth functions.

- a) Compute the two-form  $G^*\omega$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  explicitly.
  - b) Prove or disprove:  $G^*\omega = 0$  if and only if there exists a smooth function  $f$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} = g$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} = h$ .
4. (5 points) Let  $G$  be a compact, connected Lie group of dimension  $n$ .
- a) Prove or disprove: if  $f : G \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}, +)$  is a Lie group morphism, then  $f$  is constant.
  - b) Let  $\omega$  be a left-invariant  $n$ -form. Prove or disprove:  $\omega$  is a right-invariant form.  
Hint: Consider  $R_h^*\omega$  for  $h \in G$ .
5. (2 points) Given an oriented manifold  $M$  of dimension  $m$ , state Stokes' Theorem.
6. (2 points) Let  $E$  be a manifold of dimension  $m + k$ , and  $M$  be a manifold of dimension  $m$ . Let  $\pi : E \rightarrow M$  be a rank- $k$  vector bundle. Does there exist a natural foliation of  $E$  of rank other than 0 or  $m + k$ ?